4th Carbon from Space Workshop



Rune Floberghagen (ESA) 25/10/2022

The Terrestrial Carbon Cycle – Perspectives on the Contribution of ESA Earth Observation

Worldwide Urgent Priorities

EO Supports Global and European Actions

| Sustainable | Climate Change | Climate Change |
|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| Development | | SPACE CLIMATE |
| UN SDGs | UNFCCC | OBSERVATORY |

The European Green Deal - Benefitting strongly from ESA Earth Observation capabilities, both now and in the future

The Sendai Framework - Mitigating environmental threats to society and strengthen Global Resilience through novelty

ESA Develops world-class EO systems with European and global partners to address Scientific & Societal challenges

FutureEO - ESA's core Earth Observation R&D programme since 2000

→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

Earth Science, Preparation of EO future and World-class EO Research Missions

The only ESA (EO) optional programme bringing together all Member States The Earth Observation locomotive at the Next Ministerial (CM22)

EO at CM22...

Research EO missions for terrestrial carbon

La Lope

Solar Induced Fluorescence

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Above ground biomass estimates from P-Band SAR

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Science for Society – Core Elements

- **Deliver scientific excellence** in EO, maximizing the scientific impact of European EO capabilities and advancing our fundamental understanding of the Earth and system in close collaboration with EC.
- Pioneer innovative and reliable Earth Observation applications to support international policies on the environment and sustainable development.
- Strengthen European EO industry competitiveness through new technologies, stimulating innovative approaches to open new market opportunities.
- Making full leverage of ICT advances ensuring competitive R&D cycle generating information EO-derived information in an agile and rapid innovation process.
- **Maximising the impact of existing EO** capacity (EE, Sentinels, National Missions) and preparing for a fast exploitation of the next Sentinel missions

Pushing the frontier of science

We foster scientific excellence and maximise the scientific impacts of ESA missions in terms of new methods, novel products and breakthroughs in Earth System Science

Engaging the community

New methods & products

Advancing Earth System Science

Scientific Campaigns

Training and Education

Open Science Ne Tools/Virtual Labs co

Networking & collaboration f

Transfer to future missions

ESA Science Clusters: A community approach

ESA Carbon Science Cluster Themes

ESA Carbon Science Cluster Projects

Cryobiolinks AMPAC-net

Vegetation State and Processes Albiom **Biomascat Forest Carbon** Monitoring TerrA-P Sen4GPP TROPOSIF SMOS+ Vegetation PMVOS

The land projects from the CCI are also a resource DTE – Forest Analysis Land Use and Earth System Data Tools **Emissions** Lab (ESDL) DeepESDL SCIENCE Photoproxy Multi-Flex WorldCover **Dynamics and Disturbance SHRED** SCIENCE FOR S S14Amazonas **RECCAP-2** Sense4Fire Vad3emecum SeasFire **Hi-Five** IMITATE Land Carbon Constellation

An unprecedented opportunity for a community effort

In the coming few years EO will provide an unique capability to advanced towards a complete dynamic reconstruction of the terrestrial carbon cycle at unprecedented scales in space and time...

Synergistic observations from Sentinels 1, 2, 3, S5P, FLEX, BIOMASS... together with missions from our international partners will open a new potential to better characterise the terrestrial carbon cycle from space

We will not do this alone....

The European Commission's Deputy Director General for Research and Innovation, Patrick Child and ESA's Director of Earth Observation Programmes, Josef Aschbacher at the signing ceremony, January 2020. ".... to jointly advance Earth system science and its contribution to respond to the global challenges that society is facing in the onset of this century"

See talk by Franz Immler for further details

Climate-Space Climate Observations and Monitoring for Policy Action Support from Space

THE INTERNATIONAL CLIMATE NETWORK

Policy drivers

- UNFCCC Paris Agreement/ IPCC
- 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development
- Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030
- EU's Green Deal
- UN conventions: biodiversity & ecosystems
- Requirements from various stakeholders of the international climate network, in particular GCOS
 Focus on collaboration, complementarity and synergy

Community tools and open science

MAAP Virtual open and collaborative environment built in collaboration between ESA and NASA

scimaap.net

A common architecture for all Sentinel Toolboxes is being jointly developed by Brockmann Consult, SkyWatch and (The SNAP architecture is ideal for Earth Observation processing and analysis due to the following technological in Generic EO Data Abstraction. Tield Memory Management, and a Craph Processing Framework.

Feature Highlights

Common architecture for all Toolboxes
Very fast image display and navigation even of giga-pixel images
Graph Processing Framework (GPF): for creating user-defined processing the

SNAP: Community multimission toolbox

PolSARpro BIO: Polarimetric tool including dedicated tools for BIOMASS

The PolSARpro v6.0 (Biomass Edition) Software specific interface performs complete

Each stream of spatial data can be thought of as a data 'cube', with dimensions of latitude, longitude and time

Developing collaborative research platforms e.g. DeepESDL, EDC, NoR...

Open Data Science Catalogue

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Science Hub – Open for business

A new science facility in ESA (ESRIN) to boost the scientific output of ESA and its engagement with the scientific community

Associated Scientists from existing Projects/Contracts for collaborative research.

Visiting Scientists from ESA Member States (MS) by invitation from ESA and following existing ESA schemes.

International Visiting Scientists to support collaboration outside MSs.

Living Planet Fellows reinforcing provision for visiting periods at the Science Hub as part of the LP Fellowship

Challenge to the Community

Through the different projects and activities funded today by ESA (e.g., Carbon Science Cluster) and others we are <u>already defining some building blocks</u> for a Next Generation Assessment of Terrestrial Carbon but need the community to help us

How can we structure our activities to exploit the unique set of complementary missions and sensors (together with in-situ observations, enhanced models), emerging technologies e.g. DTE and collaborations e.g. ESSI, AMPAC, RECCAP-2 to significantly advance the way we observe and assess the terrestrial carbon cycle?